REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Abstract Notification dated 28th February 1911.

The Kayamgutta village of Peelavara in the Kyasamballi hobli, Bowringpet Taluk, will be sold by public auction on the 19th April 1911, in the office of the Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk, on account of arrears of revenue due to Government.

(For further particulars *vide* Notification dated 28th February 1911, published at page 271, Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 9th March 1911.)

Abstract Notification.

The Jodi village of Sambapura in the Vakkaleri hobli, Kolar Taluk, will be sold by public auction on the 10th April 1911, in the office of the Amildar of the Kolar Taluk, on account of arrears of Revenue due to Government.

(For further particulars *vide* Notification dated 28th February 1911, published at page 270, Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 9th March 1911.)

B. T. KESAVAIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner*.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

In the prospectus of the Chitaldrug Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition published on page 300, Part II of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 16th March 1911—

(1) In paragraph 1, line 2, *for* "15th, 16th and 17th April 1911" *read* "17th, 18th and 19th April 1911."

(2) In paragraph 3, line 2, omit the word "Local."

(3) In paragraph 7, line 1, omit the words "*the Amildar of Chitaldrug or.*"

K. CHANDY,
Deputy Commissioner.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL FUNDS.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 15th March 1911.

Notice is hereby given under clause 2 of Section 48 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No. VII of 1906, that the following draft Bye-laws having been approved by the Municipal Council of the Bangalore City, will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st of July 1911 together with any objections which may be received before that date :—

Draft Bye-laws for regulating the working of Slaughter-houses within the limits of the City of Bangalore, framed in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 48, sub-section (*a*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No. VII of 1906.

1. The Municipal slaughter-house situated on the Fort road shall be the place for the slaughter of sheep or goats.

2. The Veterinary Inspector in the employ of the City Municipality shall be in charge of the Municipal slaughter-house in the City of Bangalore, and shall see that no diseased sheep or goats are slaughtered therein for food, or their carcasses removed to the Municipal markets or other recognised and licensed places for sale.

3. The Veterinary Inspector shall carefully inspect each and every animal brought for slaughter daily whether for private consumption or sale to the public, and satisfy himself that such animals are perfectly healthy, before he admits them into the slaughter-house.

4. The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the carcasses or animals slaughtered in the slaughter-house, and shall destroy or bury at such time and place as may be appointed by the President or the Health Officer, any carcass or organ or any part of any carcass that he may find diseased and unfit for human consumption, (as wholesome food), with the previous sanction of the Health Officer or any other officer of the Municipality as the President may appoint on this behalf. The orders of the President in the matter shall be final.

5. Sheep or goats shall be admitted into the sheep slaughter-house, after they have been inspected and passed as healthy by the Veterinary Inspector, between the hours of 2 and 4 P.M.

6. No animal shall be admitted into the slaughter-house, or slaughtered before or after the hours fixed for their admission and slaughter without an order from the President, or during his absence, from the Vice-President.

7. The fees payable to the contractor by owners of animals brought and admitted in the slaughter-house, for slaughter, shall be three annas for every sheep or goat.

A fee of annas three shall be charged on each sheep or goat which a person may desire to slaughter outside the Municipal slaughter-house (except in the cases specified in Section 16) after obtaining the permission of the President to do so; and whoever is found slaughtering or being in possession of a carcass of a goat or sheep, within City Municipal limits, under circumstances justifying the presumption that the said sheep or goat was slaughtered outside the Municipal slaughter-house in contravention of the above provisions, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

8. The hours of Slaughtering sheep and goats shall be from 3 to 6 P.M., after which hours, the slaughter-house shall be cleared of the skins of all sheep and goats and the offal of all animals slaughtered, in order that the servants may commence removing all refuse therefrom, and otherwise attending to the cleanliness of the slaughter-house.

9. The carcasses of all animals killed in the slaughter-house shall be removed to the hanging rooms, and shall be kept there till 6 A.M. the following day. This rule will not apply to the carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions, such as public entertainments, marriages, festivals, etc., or those intended for despatch by the night train or for supply to such place or places for which the President's special permission has been obtained.

10. The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the hanging rooms to the stalls in the Municipal markets or licensed mutton stalls in the City in token that they were passed out of the slaughter-house as fit for food. The Veterinary Inspector shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for sale to the markets, bear the slaughter-house stamp. The contractor or the Sanitary Inspector, Conservancy Overseers of Divisions in which there may be mutton stalls, shall do likewise where and whenever practicable. The Veterinary Inspector, Sanitary Inspectors, Conservancy Overseers or contractor shall report every case in which a carcass does not bear the said stamp, and shall at the same time forward any explanation which the person in possession of such carcass may offer, for the orders of the President.

11. No barter shall take place in the slaughter-house for the skins of animals slaughtered. All skins shall be disposed of in stalls provided by the City Municipality for the purpose, and attached to the slaughter-house (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the skin or leather merchants or others occupying the stalls), or disposed of in any other place outside the slaughter-house and removed at once to the tannaries. Stall-rent bills shall be duly forwarded from the office of the Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month. The occupant of any stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be ejected immediately.

12. Any person who slaughters any sheep or goat which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector, or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose, or removes any carcass before or after 6 A.M., to the markets or to any other recognised or licensed place of sale, or to his house, or who offers any opposition or resistance to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons, the contractor or his servants or to the Market Sergeant or his peons or to the Conservancy Overseers in the execution of their duty, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

13. The contractor shall not levy or receive any fee for slaughtering, other than that prescribed and authorised by Section 7 of these Bye-laws.

14. The Veterinary Inspector shall look after the conservancy business of the slaughter-house and shall inspect the slaughter-house daily between the hours of 6 and 7 A.M., and furnish a report to the President by 12 noon of the result of such inspection.

15. No carcass or any portion of carcass of any sheep or goat slaughtered outside the limits of the City Municipality shall be sold in any of the City Municipal Markets, or any part of the City, by the owner or person in possession thereof, without the carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector of the City Municipality and the prescribed fee being paid to the contractor for the same, and whoever is found in possession of, or vending such carcass, or any portion thereof, in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

16. No carcass or any portion of a carcass of any sheep or goat slaughtered outside the limits of the City shall be supplied by any person or persons to any of the City Hospitals and English or Native hotels or eating houses without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector of the City Municipality and the prescribed fee being paid to the contractor of the same, and whoever is found in possession of or vending such carcass or any portion thereof, in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

17. Under the authority already granted by the President, the Veterinary Inspector shall issue a permit to any person applying for permission to slaughter sheep or goats within the limits of the City Municipality without license, or without payment of any fee, for the purpose of the following festivals or religious ceremonies, on such applicant furnishing sufficient grounds for the indulgence sought and the Veterinary Inspector shall note in the slaughter-house return on each and every occasion that such permission is given, the name and residence of the persons to whom a permit has been issued, and the number of sheep or goats allowed to be slaughtered.

Dasara (Hindus only).—One sheep or goat to any one individual or to any one member of a family for two days only.

Akkika (Mohammadans only).—The ceremony connected with shaving the head of a child for the first time.

Male child :—Two sheep or goats.
Female child :—One sheep or goat.

Bakarid :—(Mohammadans only) :—Sheep or goat not exceeding one to any one individual or to any one member of a family for three days.

Sadkha (Hindus or Mohammadans).—Vow by or for a sick person, sheep or goat not exceeding one of any description of either sheep or goat.

Mannath (Hindustani), Harike (Kanarese):—(Hindus or Mohammadans).—In fulfilment of a vow made by or for a sick person, sheep or goat not exceeding one of any description of either sheep or goat.

The annual car procession of Anni jatra (Hindus only).—One sheep or goat per house.
Second day of Pongal or Shankaranti (Hindus only).—One sheep or goat per house.

Any person who may require any number of sheep or goats for slaughter in excess of that given for any of the purposes mentioned in Section 17 shall obtain a permit from the Veterinary Inspector and pay the prescribed fee to the contractor for such number in excess of that allowed. Whoever, without such permit and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any sheep or goat, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for every such animal slaughtered together with the amount of the fee payable to the contractor.

18. No sheep or goat shall be slaughtered within the limits of the City Municipality for the purpose of any ceremony on account of the prevalence of any epidemic, without a permit being obtained from the Health Officer on payment of the prescribed fee to the contractor. Whoever, without such permit and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any animal for such purpose shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for every such animal slaughtered together with the amount of fee payable to the contractor.

19. No person shall expose for sale or sell sheep or goats anywhere else except in a spot within the slaughter-house premises selected by the President; a fee of pies three per day shall be levied per head of goat or sheep exposed for sale. Every person trading in sheep or goats shall obtain a license from the President.

Whoever, in contravention of the above, sells or exposes for sale, sheep or goats in any other place, except that selected by the President, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

20. No person shall be permitted to perform the duties of a mulla in the slaughter-house except with the written order of the President. Only licensed men will be allowed in the slaughter-house for the purpose of dressing meat, who will be provided with a badge once a year by the Health Officer on payment of one rupee, and a list of such licenses will be hung up in a conspicuous place at the slaughter-house and a copy maintained in the Health Office.

21. Every sheep or goat which, upon examination by the Veterinary Inspector, is found to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease shall be marked and handed over to the owner.

22. Persons suffering from leprosy, sores or other contagious or loathsome diseases shall not be permitted to enter the slaughter-house. No dog or any other animal not intended for slaughter, or sheep or goat not permitted to be slaughtered, shall be admitted into the slaugter-house. Every such dog or animal shall be handed over to the Police or destroyed, if considered necessary.

23. The Health Officer or any other Officer of the Health Department empowered by the Health Officer on this behalf shall have free access to the slaughter-house at any time or any day, for inspection.

24. Sheep entrails and tripe which are fit for human consumption and permitted to be removed from the slaughter-house or having rooms shall be removed in covered metal buckets or carts approved by the Health Officer, and such buckets or carts together with their covers shall at all times be kept clean.

25. The interior of the slaughter-house shall be kept clean and the walls and pavement or floor shall be thoroughly whitewashed with hot lime water at least once in a period of three months.

Notice dated 15th March 1911.

As resolved by the Municipal Council at its Ordinary Meeting held on the 30th July 1910, notice is hereby given for the information of the public, under Sections 48 and 60 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No. VII of 1906, and as per orders of Government conveyed in the General and Revenue Secretary's letter No. 3959—Ml. 189-09-5, dated the 5th November 1910, that Rule No. 5 of the Revised Rules for the Regulation and control of the hackney carriages within the limits of the Municipality of the City of Bangalore, approved by Government in Proceedings No. 7592—Ml. 181-05-4, dated the 20th January 1906, shall be amended and the fee for each carriage imposed annually as follows :—

Class of hackney carriages	Hackney license fee per annum	
	Existing rate	Amended rate
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
First class hackney carriages of all sorts excluding jatkas and carts drawn by bullocks or ponies.	9	2 0 0
Second class jatkas, *i.e.*, two-wheeled bandies or carts drawn by ponies.	4	1 0 0
Third class carts drawn by bullocks	2	0 8 0

In addition to the above, the following rate of tax on each hackney vehicle and animal shall be imposed annually: —

Description of vehicles and animals	Number in possession	For the year; rate for each
		Rs. a. p.
For every four-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by two or more horses.	.....	18 0 0
For every four-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by a horse, bull, or bullock or by two or more horses under 13 hands, bulls or bullocks.	.....	9 0 0
For every two-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by one or more horses, bulls or bullocks.	.....	6 0 0
For every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin, bicycle or tricycle, motor cycle or rickshaw.	.....	3 0 0
For every cart or other vehicles without springs ...	.....	4 0 0
For every horse over 13 hands...	.....	9 0 0
For every horse of or under 13 hands	.....	3 0 0
For every horse of or under 11 hands and for every mule.	.....	1 0 0
For every horse, bullock or bull	.....	1 0 0
For every male buffalo	.....	1 0 0

After Section 5, insert as Section 6 :—

"If any person ceases to possess any vehicle or animal in the course of the year for which he has paid the tax and the fee, he shall be entitled to a refund of one-fourth thereof for every complete quarter of the year in which he was neither the owner nor the person in charge of such vehicle or animal."

2. Any inhabitant of the City objecting to the said amendment may, within one month, from the date of publication of this notice submit his objection in writing to the Council.

Notice dated 20th March 1911.

With reference to the lists of the names of gentlemen residing in No. II (Balepet) Division, Bangalore City, eligible to be elected as Municipal Councillors and of those eligible to vote at the Bye-election to be held in May 1911, published on page 219, Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 23rd February 1911, it is hereby notified that the Bye-election is for the purpose of filling up the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. B. Gangiah who was a Councillor of that Division.

N. SUBBA RAO,
For *President*.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE KOLAR DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 4TH FEBRUARY 1911.

PRESENT.

C. Srikanteswara Iyer, Esq., B.A., B.L., President.

Ex-officio Members.

1. Ananda Rao Sirsi, Esq., B.A., L.L.B., Sub-Divisional Officer, Chikballapur.
2. B. B. Garudachar, Esq., L.C.E., Executive Engineer, Kolar Division.
3. W. Srinivasa Iyengar, Esq., M.B., C.M., District Medical Officer, Kolar.
4. Dr. M. G. Samuel, M.D., D.T.M., District Sanitary Officer, Kolar.

ABSENT.

1. A. Vedantadesigam Iyengar, Esq., Vice-President.
2. T. E. Jayarama Iyer, Esq., B.A., B.L., Sub-Divisional Officer, Malur.
3. B. Tirumalachar, Esq., B.A., Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kolar District.

Non-official Members (Elected or nominated).

PRESENT.

1. Mr. Manjali Byregowda, Kolar.
2. „ Amir Hassan Ali Saheb, Kolar.
3. „ Ummanniah, Bowringpet.
4. „ K. Venkatasami Reddi, Srinivaspur.
5. „ Syed Fatulla Sab, Srinivaspur.
6. „ Hanumegowda, Sidlaghatta.
7. „ Sinappa, Bagepalli.
8. „ Balareddipalli Venkatareddi, Bagepalli.
9. „ Sahukar Seethappa Chetty, Chintamani.
10. „ Syed Budan Sab, Chintamani.
11. „ Heggenahalli Krishnachar, Goribidnur.
12. „ C. Narayanaswami Chetty, Chikballapur.
13. „ Narasimha Reddi, Chikballapur.

ABSENT.

1. Mr. Peer Navaz Khan, Bowringpet.
2. „ Kasti Hyder Sab, Mulbagal.
3. „ Nagegowda, Mulbagal.
4. „ Venkatramanappa, Malur.
5. „ Adinaranappa, Gudibanda.

All the Amildars and the Deputy Amildar of the district with the exception of Mulbagal Taluk, were present at the meeting.

1. Read and confirmed the proceedings of the last meeting held on 30th November 1910.

2. The District Board unanimously resolve that Government be requested to accord permission to raise a Debenture Loan of Three lakhs of rupees for constructing a railway between Bowringpet and Kolar, and to have it constructed as early as possible and to guarantee a minimum interest of 4 per cent to the Debenture Holders from the date of the loan.

3. Read and discussed the District Fund Budget Estimates for the year 1911-12, submitted by the Finance Committee of the District Board with their explanatory memorandum on the subject.

Resolved (i) to approve of the budget estimates subject to modifications decided upon by the Board, and providing Rs. 1,500 for the immediate construction of a building to locate the newly opened dispensary at Chelur, and (ii) to request the Executive Engineer to submit estimate and plans for the said dispensary building as early as possible for submission to Government for sanction.